15-year trends in injury related health care use and costs in the Netherlands



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Research question

To what extent do in- and post-hospital health care utilization and costs of patients treated for severe injuries have changed between 2002 and 2017?

Focus

<u>Severe</u> injuries (MAIS2+) treated at emergency departments (EDs) in the Netherlands.

Methods

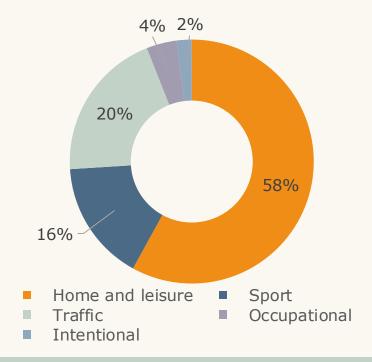
Data were ascertained from:

- National registries
- Patient questionnaires

Total and average health care costs were estimated through the incidence-based Dutch Cost of Injury Model

10% increase in injury related ED-visits between 2002 and 2017

Significant increase in patients aged 60 years and older







Severe injury related health care costs

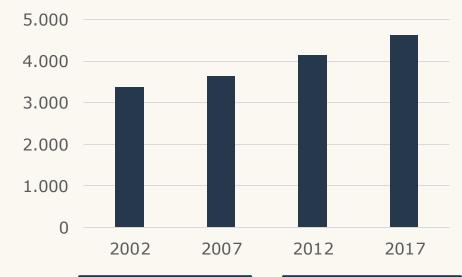
Total costs (€ per 1,000)



The **highest** health care costs involve nursing homes/rehabilitation and hospitalization costs

The **strongest increase** in costs between 2002 and 2017 was seen among patients aged **60 years** and older, and for home care

Average costs (€)



The average costs of all types of health care increased, except hospitalization

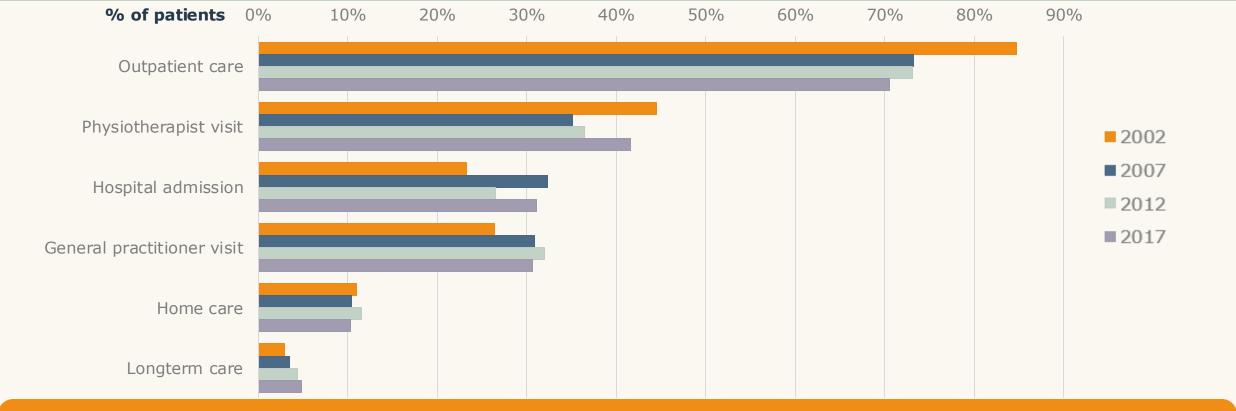
Hospitalization costs decreased due to **shorter length of stay**







Severe injury related health care utilization



Severe injury related health care utilization and costs have **increased** in the past 15 years due to aging and differences in health care policies. **Identifying** high health care costs and utilization among **risk groups** are essential to assess additional priority areas for **prevention**, and can provide guidance to structural implementation of **interventions**.



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